No.



200000228

THIE UNITED SHATIES OF AVIERICA

Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station

There has been presented to the

Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE PURPOSE, OR USING IT IN CODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY THE PLANT VARIETY TECTION ACT. IN THE UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY (I) SHALL BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS A OFFICERIFIED SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF GENERATIONS SPECIFIED BY THE OWNER OF TYS. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2121 ET SEO.)

BARLEY

'Lacey'

In Jestimonn Maccost, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Plant Harista Protection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this tenth day of June, in the year two thousand two.

92 m Jahr

Commissioner Plant Variety Protection Office Agricultural Marketing Service antereman og of Agriculture

BARLEY

"Lacey"

14A. Exhibit A. Origin and Breeding History of Lacey Barley

"Lacey" spring barley (Hordeum vulgare L.) (Reg. No. cv developed by the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station and released February 15, 2000. It was developed in a program designed to obtain a variety with a close match to industry malting quality guidelines. Its pedigree is M44 / 'Excel' / 2 / M46 / M44 / 3 / M44 / Excel / 2 / 'Stander'. M44 has the pedigree 'Nordic' / 'Manker' / 3 / 'Morex' / 2 / Manker / 63AB2987-32. M46 has the pedigree Nordic / Manker / 2 / 'Robust'. 63AB2987-32 is a breeding line developed in the USDA barley breeding program at Aberdeen, Idaho. The final cross leading to Lacey was made in 1993. The breeding method was pedigree coupled with single-seed descent. Lacey originated from a single plant taken at random from a selected F₅ line. There was no selection in the F₅ through F₄ generations with the F₃ and F₄ generations being advanced in the greenhouse. Visual selection in the F₅ generation involved maturity, height, lodging and leaf disease reaction. Replicated agronomic and disease testing began in Minnesota in 1996 and regional testing in 1998. Micro-malting evaluations began in 1996, industry pilot quality evaluation in 1997 and industry plant scale quality evaluation in 1999. Selection was done among head rows in 1997; 60 head rows were bulked to reconstitute the line. Lacey has been uniform and stable for three generations. It contains no off-type plants or variants.

Seed stocks will be maintained by the Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station and the Minnesota Crop Improvement Association. Certification will be limited to three generations after breeders seed: Foundation, Registered and Certified. Certified seed will be offered for sale in 2000. Application has been made for protection (PVP with the "certification option").

14B. Exhibit B. Novelty Statement

"Lacey" barley (Hordeum vulgare L.) (Reg. No. ______, PI ______) is a six-row smooth-awn, spring-type. Its covered kernels have short hairs on the rachilla and a white aleurone. The spike is medium-lax, medium long and semi-erect. Compared to Robust, it has improved lodging resistance and similar maturity. It is resistant to the common races of stem rust and spot blotch in Minnesota. It is susceptible to loose smut and Fusarium head blight.

Lacey is most similar to Robust, a widely grown cultivar in the Midwest. It can be distinguished from Robust because it is shorter by several centimeters.

Distinguishing 'Lacey' from 'Robust' for the traits plant height and grain protein. We dropped yield as was requested in the letter from you.

The data presented below are from three locations in Minnesota in the summer of 2001. At each location the analysis included three adjacent yield trials with each trial containing three replicates (arrange in a randomized complete block) for a total of nine experimental units for each variety in each trial. The data were analyzed by analysis of variance using the SAS software PROC ANOVA. The replicates were nested inside the three trials at each location. The plot size for all of the trials was 56 inches by 14 feet. The planting dates for the St. Paul, Morris and Crookston locations were April 26, May 3, and May 14, respectively. Plant height was measured as the distance from the soil surface to the tip of the awns in one location in the center of the plot when plants had finished elongation and were beginning to mature. Grain protein was measured on harvested and cleaned grain samples on a FOSS 6500 NIRS system. Each sample was scanned twice and the mean of the two scans was used in the analysis of variance. The differences among varieties were significantly different (alpha = 0.05) for both traits at all three locations. Trait means, Fisher's least significant difference (LSD), and the CV was calculated for each individual trial for plant height (Table 1) and grain protein (Table 2).

Table 1. Plant height (cm) for Lacey and Robust at three locations in Minnesota in 2001.

Variety	Crookston	Morris	St. Paul
Robust	90	81	105
Lacey	85	73	98
LSD 0.05	4	3	2
C.V.	4.2	2.5	$\overline{1.9}$

Table 2. Percent grain protein for Lacey and Robust at three locations in Minnesota in 2001.

Variety	Crookston	Morris	St. Paul
Robust	13.0	14.0	12.5
Lacey	12.3	13.2	11.9
LSD 0.05	0.7	0.2	0.4

(Barky)

EXHIBIT C

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE COMPODITIES SCIENTIFIC SUPPORT DIVISION BELTSVILLE, MARYLAND 20105

OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY BARLEY (HORDEUM VULGARE)

INSTRUCTIONS: Son Reverse. BARLEY (HORDEUM V	ULGAREJ
Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
190 Coffey Hall, 1420 Eckles Ave. University of Minnesota, St. Paul, MN 55108	200000228 H
Place the appropriate number that describes the varietal character of this	LACEY variety in the bores below.
Place a zero in first box (i.e. 0 8 7 or 0 7) when number is either 1. GROWTH HARIT:	er 99 or less or 9 or less.
1 1-SPRING 2-FACULTATIVE WINTER 3-WINTER 3	Early Growth: 1 - PROSTRATE 2 - SEMIPROSTRATE J - ERECT
2. MATURITY (50% Flowering):	
2 1 - EARLY (California Meriout) 2 - MIDSEASON (Batter) 3 - LA	TE (Frontier)
0 No. of days Earlier than 1 1=Robust 1-BETZES 2-CALIFORNI	A MARIOUT 3 - CONQUEST 4 - DICKSON
No. of days Later than 1) 6 - PIROLINE 6 - PRIMUS	7 - UNITAN
3, PLANT HEIGHT (From soil level to top of head):	Robust
3 1 - SEMIDWARF 2 - SHORT (California Mariout) 3 - MEDIUM TA	
7 Cm. Shorter than 1 = Robust 1 = ROFEES 2 = CALIFORN	
Cm. Taller than 5 - PIROLINE 6 - PRIMUS	7 - UNITAN
4. STEM:	
	nthocyanin: 1 - ABSENT 2 - PRESENT
5 NO. OF NODES (Originating from node above ground)	
1 - CLOSED 2 - V-SHAPED 3 - OPEN	1 - STRAIGHT 2 - SNAKY upe of Neck: 3 - OTHER (Specify) .
6. LEAF:	
Basel leaf sheath (seedling): 1 = GLABROUS 2 = PUBESCENT 1 Por	ition of the leaf (at boot stage): 2 - UPRIGHT
3 Waxiness: 1 - ABSENT (Glossy) 2 - SLIGHTLY WAXY 2 0	MM, WIDTH (First leef below fleg leef)
2 5 CM, LENGTH (First leaf below flag feet)	ocyania in leaf sheath: 1 = ABSENT 2 = PRESENT
6. HEAD:	
2 Type: 1 - TWO-ROWED 2 - SIX-ROWED 2 Den	1 - LAX 2 - ERECT (Not dense) ity: 3 - ERECT (Dense)
2 Shape: 1 - TAPERING 2 - STRAP 3 - CLAVATE 2 Wax	iness: I - ABSENT (Glossy) 2 - SLIGHTLY WAXY
3 Lateral Kernels Overlap: 1 - NONE 2-ATTIP 2 Rach 3-1/4-1/2 OF HEAD	is (Hair on edge): 1 - LACKING 2 - FEW 3 - COVERED
2 Length: 1-1/3 OF LEMMA 2-1/2 OF LEMMA 2 Hairs	: 1 - NONE 2 - SHORT 3 - LONG
Hair covering: 1 - NONE 2 - RESTRICTED TO MIDDLE 3 - CONFI	NED TO BAND 4 - COMPLETELY COVERED
3 Awn: 1 - LESS THAN EQUAL TO LENGTH OF GLUMES 2 - EQUAL 3 - MORE THAN EQUAL TO LENGTH OF GLUMES	TO LENGTH OF GLUMES
Awn Surface: 1 - SMOOTH 2 - SEMISMOOTH 3 - ROUGH	
FORM LPGS-470-5 (8-80) (Replaces edition dated 4-78 which may be used)	

MARIENTAL AND CONTROL OF CONTROL		2000	00228
B. LEMMA:			
5 Awn: 3-4	AWNLESS 2 – AWNLETS ON CENTRAL RO SHORT ON CENTRAL ROWS, AWNLETS ON L LONG (longer than spike) 6 – HOODED		
Awn Surface:	- AWNLESS 2 - SMOOTH 3 - SEMISM	400TH 4 - ROUGH	
2 Teeth: 1 - AB	SENT 2-FEW 3-NUMEROUS	1 Hair: 1 - AB:	SENT 2-PRESENT
	1 - DEPRESSION 2 - SLIGHT CREASE 3 - TRANSVERSE CREASE	1 Rachilla Haire:	1 - SHORT 2 - LONG
9. STIGMA:			
2 Hairs: 1 • FE	W 2-MANY		
10, SEED:	•		
2 Type: 1 - NA	KED 2 - COVERED	Hairs on Ventral	Furrow: 1 - ABSENT 2 - PRESENT
	HORT (8.0 mm.) 2 = SHORT TO MIDLONG HDLONG TO LONG (9.0 + 10.5 mm.)		AIDLONG (8.5 - 9.5 mm.) ,ONG (10.0 mm.)
2 Wrinkling of hul	1: 1 - NAKED 2 - SLIGHTLY WRINKLED	3 - SEMIWRINKLE	D 4-WRINKLED
1 Aleurone Color:	i - COLORLESS (White or Yellow) 2 - B	LUE	
0 0 PERCENT A		3 4 GMS, PER 1	000 SEEDS
11. DISEASE: (0 - No	t Tested, 1 = Susceptible, 2 = Resistant)		
0 SEPTORIA	1 NET BLOTCH	2 SPOT BLOTCH	1 POWDERY MILDEW
1 LOOSE SMUT	0 BACTERIAL BLIGHT	0 COVERED SHUT	O FALSE LOOSE SMUT
2 STEM RUST	0 LEAF RUST	1 SCAB	0 SCALD
0 AY	0 BSMV	® BYDV	OTHER (Specify)
12. INSECT: (0 - Not to	ested, 1 = Susceptible, 2 = Resistant)		
O GREEN BUG	0 ENGLISH GRAIN APHID	O CHINCH BUG	0 ARMYWORM
0 GRASS HOPPERS	O CERNAL LEAF BETTLE	OTHER (Specify)	
* - \$			
HESSIAN FLY R	ACES > 느 " 느 "	<u> </u>	$(-1)^{n} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \right) \right) \right) \right)}{1} \right) \right) \right)} \right) $
	0 D 0 E	0 F 50 G	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
12 · CHELUGA		<u>''</u>	
	Tested, 1 = Susceptible, 2 = Resistant)		
0 001	OTHER (Specify)		
	ARIETY MOST CLOSELY RESEMBLES THAT		NAME OF VARIETY
CHARACTER	NAME OF VARIETY	CHARACTER	Robust
Plant tillering	Robust	Seed size	Robust
Lesf size Lesf color	Robust Robust	Coleoptile elongation	Robust
Leaf carriage		Seedling pigmentation	
Ceat Cattrage	Stander		
terms u 1. Wiel	lowing publications may be used as a refere sed in this form: be, G. A., and D. A. Reid, 1961, Classificati 958, Technical Bulletin No. 1224, U.S. Dep	on of Barley Varieties	

- Reid, D. A., and G. A. Wiebe, 1968, Barley: Origin, Botany, Culture, Winter Hardiness, Genetics, Utilization, Pests, Agriculture Handbook No. 338, U.S. Dept. of Agriculture. pp. 61-84.
 Malting Barley Improvement Association, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 1971, Barley Variety Dictionary.

COLOR: Nickerson's or any recognized color fan may be used to determine color of the described variety.
FORM LPGS-470-5 (8-80) (REVERSE)

14D. Exhibit D. Additional Description of Lacey

Lacey has several favorable traits that are the basis for release to growers. Perhaps the most important is its quality profile which is a good match to malting and brewing industry guidelines. It has favorable levels of kernel plumpness, grain protein, malt extract, diastatic power and alpha amylase. In comparison to other newly released six-row cultivars in the region it has low wort protein and a low ratio of wort protein to malt protein. These latter traits are especially important to industry at this time.

In field performance trials in Minnesota for the years 1998 and 1999, grain yield of Lacey was 117% of Robust (Table 2). In regional trials, also for 1998 and 1999, grain yield of Lacey was 112% of Robust (Table 2). Lodging resistance is improved compared to Robust. Percentage plump kernels of Lacey is high and similar to Robust.

Lacey possesses the ND B112 source of resistance to spot blotch [Bipolaris sorokiniana (Sacc.) Shoemaker], and some tolerance to net blotch [Pyrenephora teres Drechs.). It has the RpgL (T) gene for resistance to stem rust [Puccinia graminis (Pers.:Pers.) ver. tritici] which conditions resistance to current races of stem rust except race QCC. It is susceptible to loose smut [Ustilago tritici] (Pers.) Rostr.] and Fusarium head blight [Fusarium graminearum].

Table 1. Height (cm) of Lacey and Robust in 18 trials in 1998-99.

No. locations	<u>1998</u>	nal Nursery 1999 7	Minnesota 1999 6
Robust	97.4	86.4	89
Lacey	87.8	80.1	81
LSD (5%)	4.4	2.8	4.5

Table 2. Grain Yield (kg/ha) of Lacey and Robust.

	Regional Nursery		Minn	Minnesota	
	<u> 1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	<u>1998</u>	<u>1999</u>	
No. locations	7	7	3	6	
Robust	3984	3846	4686	4624	
Lacey	4431	4369	6074	5111	
LSD (5%)	352	469	635	327	

MEPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on all reproductions. U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	I Inc Iouowing Statements are made	FORM APPROVED - OMB NO. 0581-0	
AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE	The following statements are made in accordance with the Privacy Act 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a) and the Paperwork Reduction Act (PRA) of 1995		
EXHIBIT E STATEMENT OF THE BASIS OF OWNERSHIP	Application is required in order to determine if a plant variety protect certificate is to be issued (7 U.S.C. 2421). Information is held confide until certificate is issued (7 U.S.C. 2426).		
1. NAME OF APPLICANT(S)	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION	3. VARIETY NAME	
Minnesota Agricultural Experiment Station	OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER	S. VARIETT IMME	
	м98	LACEY	
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (include area code)	6. FAX (include area code)	
Univ. of Minnesota, 190 Coffey Hall 1420 Eckles Ave., St. Paul, MN 55108	612-625-4211	612-624-7724	
	7. PVPO NUMBER 2 0 0 0	00228 "	
8. Does the applicant own all rights to the variety? Mark an "X" in appropriate	block. If no, please explain.	X YES NO	
-			
 Is the applicant (individual or company) a U.S. national or U.S. based company if no, give name of country 	/3	YES X NO	
a. If original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is (are) t X YES NO If no, give name of country	he original owner(s) a U.S. nation	al(s)?	
b. If original rights to variety were owned by a company, is the original YES NO If no, give name of country	ginal owner(s) a U.S. based compa	nny?	
1. Additional explanation on ownership (If needed, use reverse for extra space):			
or ownership in needed, use reverse for extra space):			
LEASE NOTE:	·		
ant variety protection can be afforded only to owners (not licensees) who meet o	De of the following criteria:		
If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that person must of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the U.S. for the san		POV member country, or nationa	
If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which employed the origin nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a country which genus and species.	and broaderies she access and	be U.S. based, owned by onals of the U.S. for the same	
If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the original owner	er and the applicant must meet on	e of the above criteria.	
e original breeder/owner may be the individual or company who directed final bre definition.			
cording to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to re- ntrol number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection i llection is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for d maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of inf	s US81-UUSS. The time requir	on unless it displays a valid OME ed to complete this information existing data sources, gathering	